

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

Revision Date Dec 06, 2017

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name METHANOL CAS-No. 67-56-1

Product code AH1116, AH1117, AH1118, AR1115, CG1115, EP1115, GP1115,

IR1115, LC1115, LC1224, LM1115, PC1115, PT1115, RP1115,

SG1115, SM1115, XP1115, VL1115

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Chemical for analysis and production.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Chem-Supply Pty Ltd

38 - 50 Bedford Street, Gillman SA 5013 Australia

Telephone number (08) 8440 2000 Fax number (08) 8440 2001

1.4 Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency phone

Monday - Friday 8:30am - 5:00pm ACST (08) 8440 2000

After hours: CHEMCALL 1800127406 / +6449179888

1.5 Manufacturer

Company RCI LABSCAN LIMITED.

24 Rama 1 Road, Pathumwan, Bangkok 10330 Thailand

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification according to WHS Regulations (Australia)

Flammable liquids (Category 2), H225 Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 3), H301

Acute toxicity, Dermal (Category 3), H311

Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 3), H331

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 1), Eyes, H370 For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

### Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

F Highly flammable R11

T Toxic R23/24/25, R39/23/24/25 For the full text of the R-phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

### 2.2 Label elements

Pictogram



Signal word Danger

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Hazard statement(s)

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H301 + H311 + H331 Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

H370 Causes damage to organs (eyes).

Precautionary statement(s)

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 Do not breathe vapours.

P264 Wash hand thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing.

P307 + P311 IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P361 Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam for extinction.

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

2.3 Other hazards None

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Synonyms Methyl alcohol, Carbinol, Wood alcohol.

CAS-No EC-No EC-Index-No Formula Molecular Weight Weight % 67-56-1 200-659-6 603-001-00-X CH $_3$ OH 32.04 g/mol >99

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Inhalation Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapors. Keep patient warm. In case of

shortness of breath, give oxygen. Apply artificial respiration only if patient is not breathing or under medical supervision. No artificial aspiration mouth to mouth or mouth to nose.

Use suitable instruments/apparatus.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected skin with soap and water. If signs of

poisoning appear, treat as for inhalation. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated combustible material, e.g. clothing ignites more readily and burns fiercely.

Eye contact If the substance has got into the eyes, immediately wash out with plenty of water at least

15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Keep patient warm. In case of shortness of breath,

give oxygen. Apply artificial respiration only if patient is not breathing or under medical supervision. No artificial aspiration mouth to mouth or mouth to nose. Use suitable

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instruments/apparatus. Obtain medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in section 2.2 and section 11

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

After swallowing, make victim drink ethanol (e.g. 1 drinking glass of a 40% alcoholic beverage). Call in physician, mentioning methanol ingestion. If breathing stops. Mouth to mouth respiration or mechanical ventilation.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Extinguish with carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam or water spray. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Flash back possible over considerable distance.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

#### 5.4 Hazchem Code

•2WF

#### 5.5 Further information

Standard procedure for chemical fires. Take measures to prevent electrostatic charging. Prevent firefighting water from entering surface water or groundwater.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Remove all sources of ignition. Wear a positive-pressure supplied-air respirator, flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. Shut off leaks if without risk. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

Contain or absorb leaking liquid with sand or earth, consults an expert. Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits. If substance has entered a water course or sewer or contaminated soil, advise police.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spillage: May react with combustible substances creating fire or explosion hazard and formation of toxic fumes. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel). Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits; vapor may create explosive atmosphere. Transfer to covered steel drums. Dispose of promptly.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see Section 13.

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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep container tightly closed. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not empty into drains.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep tightly closed at room temperature in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep out of direct sunlight and away from incompatible materials. Store in original container. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

### Exposure limit (Safe Work Australia)

TWA: 200 ppm (262 mg/m<sup>3</sup>) STEL: 250 ppm (328 mg/m<sup>3</sup>)

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Ventilation hoods and fans required when working with organic solvents or in hot melt applications.

### Individual protection measures (Personal protective equipment, PPE)

### Eye/face protection

Goggles giving complete protection to eyes.

## Skin protection

Chemical resistant apron / flame retardant antistatic protective clothing, heavy duty work shoes.

Handle with gloves

- Full contact wears gloves from butyl rubber material.
- Splash contact wears gloves from viton material.

The select protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686 EEC and standard EN 374 derived from it.

## Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Required when vapor/aerosols are generated filter AX (EN 371).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: From Liquid
: Color Colorless
Odor Characteristic
Odor Threshold Not Available
pH Not Available

Melting point/range -98°C

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Boiling point/range 64.5°C

Flash point 11 °C (closed cup)
Evaporation rate Not Available
Flammability (solid, gas) Not Available
Explosion limits: lower 5.5 %(V)
upper 36.5 %(V)

Vapor Pressure 128 hPa at 20°C

Relative vapor density 1.1

Density 0.790 g/ml at 20°C Water solubility Soluble at 20°C Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) log Pow: -0.77 Auto-Ignition temperature 455 °C

Decomposition Temperature Not Available
Viscosity 0.597 mPa.s at 20°C

Explosive properties Not Explosive

Oxidizing properties The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1 Reactivity

Hygroscopic. Highly flammable. Explosible with air in a vaporous/gaseous state.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of explosion in contact with strong oxidizing agents, alkali metals, nitric acid, sulfuric acid, nitric oxides, hydrogen peroxide, barium perchlorate, lead chlorate, lead perchlorate, chromosulphuric acid, dichloro hexoxide, magnesium powder, sodium hypochloride, perchloric acid, permanganic acid and zinc diethyl. The substance can react dangerously with halogens, oxidizing agents, reducing agents, acids, acetyl bromide, alkylaluminium solutions, beryllium hydride, chloroform/lye, chromium(VI)-oxide, cyanuric chloride, alkaline-earth metals, magnesium splinters, phosphorus trioxide, Raney- nickel/hydrogenation and acid anhydrides.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Acid halides, alkali metals, alkaline earth, metals, oxidizing agent, nitrogen oxides, reducing agents, acids. Unsuitable working materials: Various plastics, aluminium, zinc alloys.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxides, Carbon dioxides, (Hazardous decomposition products from under fire condition).

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

LD<sub>50</sub> (oral, rat): 5628 mg/kg LD<sub>LO</sub> (oral, human): 143 mg/kg LC<sub>50</sub> (inhalation, rat): 85.26 mg/l/4 h

#### Acute oral toxicity

Absorption: Symptoms nausea, vomiting, headache, dizziness, inebriation, impaired vision, blindness (Irreversible damage of the optical nerve).

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#### Acute inhalation toxicity

Irritation symptoms in the respiratory tract.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Slow absorption.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Slight irritations, mucosal irritations.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Sensitisation test: guinea pig is negative.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Bacterial mutagenicity; Salmonella typhimurium is negative.

#### Carcinogenicity

Noncarcinogenic in animal experiments.

### Reproductive toxicity

Not Available

## Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure

Causes damage to organs (Eyes).

### Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure

Not Available

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not Available

## **Further information**

Systemic effects: nausea, vomiting, headache, dizziness, inebriation, impaired vision, blindness acidosis, drop in blood pressure, agitation, spasms, narcosis and coma.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish  $LC_{50}$  L. macrochirus: 15400 mg/l/96h Toxicity to daphnia  $EC_{50}$  Daphnia magna: >10000 mg/l/48h

and other aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to algae  $IC_5$  Sc.quadricauda: 8000 mg/l/8d Toxicity to bacteria  $EC_5$  Ps. Putida: 6600 mg/l/16d

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability 99%/30 d, Readily biodegradable. Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) 600-1120 mg/g Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) 1420 mg/g Theoretical oxygen demand 1,500 mg/g

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) log Pow: -0.77

No bioaccumulation is to be expected (log P o/w <1)

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Not Available

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#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

Do not allow to enter waters, waste water or soil.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

There are no uniform EC Regulations for the disposal of chemicals or residues. Chemical residues generally count as special waste. The disposal of the latter is regulated in the EC member countries through corresponding law and regulations. We recommend that you contact either the authorities in charge or approved waste disposal companies which will advise you on how to dispose of special waste or burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. Observe all federal, state, and local environmental regulations.

### Contaminated packaging

Disposal in compliance with official regulations. Handle contaminated packaging as hazardous waste in the same way of the substance itself. If not officially specified differently, non-contaminated packaging may be treated like household waste or recycled.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### Land Transport (ADG Code)

UN Number 1230
UN proper shipping name METHANOL
Transport hazard class(es) 3 ( 6.1 )
Hazchem Code •2WE
Packing group II
Environmental hazards No
Special precautions for user Yes

### Sea transport (IMDG)

UN Number 1230
UN proper shipping name METHANOL
Transport hazard class(es) 3 ( 6.1 )
Packing group II
Marine pollutant No
Special precautions for user Yes
EmS F-E S-D

## Air transport (IATA)

UN Number 1230
UN proper shipping name METHANOL
Transport hazard class(es) 3 ( 6.1 )
Packing group II
Environmental hazards No
Special precautions for user No

## River transport (AND/ADNR)

(Not examined)

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

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### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulatory Information Listed in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

Poisons Schedule S6

### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H301 + H311 + H331 Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

H370 Causes damage to organs.

### Full text of R-phrases referred to under sections 2 and 3

F Highly flammable

T Toxic

R11 Highly flammable.

R23/24/25 Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

R39/23/24/25 Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with

skin and if swallowed.

#### Reference

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS).

Labelling according to Code of Practice for the Lebelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (Safe Work Australia).

Transportation information according to Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Model

Regulations. Twelfth revised edition. United Nations.

Institute for Occupational Safety and Health of the German Social Accident Insurance in Sankt Augustin/Germany,

Source: IFA for Databases on hazardous substances (GESTIS).

#### **Further information**

Contact Chem - Supply Pty Ltd Ph. (08) 8440 2000.

#### **Revision Date**

06/12/2017

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process unless specified in the text.

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